

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Original) A fuel cell gas separator comprising a first layer which is formed of a material that is impermeable to gases, a second layer which is formed of a material that is impermeable to gases, the first and second layers having perforations through their thickness which are closed by electrically conductive plug material, and a third intermediate layer between the first and second layers which is electrically conductive and is in electrical contact with the plug material in the perforations through the first and second layers.
2. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to claim 1, wherein the materials of the first and second layers are the same.
3. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to claim 1, ~~or claim 2~~ wherein the material of each of the first and second layers is zirconia.
4. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to claim 3, wherein the zirconia is yttria-stabilised.
5. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to claim 3, wherein the zirconia contains up to about 20 wt.% alumina.

6. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to ~~any one of claims 1 to 5~~ claim 1, wherein the thickness of each of the first and second layers is in the range 20 to 250 μm .

7. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to ~~any one of claims 1 to 6~~ claim 1, wherein the thickness of the third intermediate layer is in the range 10 to 100 μm .

8. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to ~~any one of claims 1 to 7~~ claim 1, wherein the electrically conductive material of the third intermediate layer is selected from the group consisting of cobaltite, Ag, Au, Pt, Ni, alloys containing one or more of said metals, and other silver-based materials.

9. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to ~~any one of claims 1 to 8~~ claim 1, wherein the material of the third intermediate layer is the same as the electrically conductive plug material.

10. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to ~~any one of claims 1 to 9~~ claim 1, wherein the perforations extend perpendicularly through the thickness of the first and second layers.

11. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to ~~any one of claims 1 to 10~~ claim 1, wherein the perforations in the first layer are offset relative to the perforations in the second layer.

12. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to ~~any one of claims 1 to 11~~ claim 1, wherein each perforation has an average cross-sectional dimension in the range of 50 to 1000 μm .

13. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to ~~any one of claims 1 to 12~~ claim 1, wherein the total area of the perforations through each of the first and second layers is in the range of 0.1 to 20 mm^2 per 1000 mm^2 surface area of an electrode-contacting zone of said layer.

14. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to ~~any one of claims 1 to 13~~ claim 1, wherein the electrically conductive plug material is selected from the group consisting of cobaltite, Ag, Au, Pt, Ni, alloys containing one or more of said metals, and other silver-based materials.

15. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to claim 14, wherein the electrically conductive plug material is selected from the group consisting of metallic silver, a metallic mixture in which Ag is the major component, a silver alloy and a silver-glass composite.

16. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to claim 15, wherein the electrically conductive plug material is silver alloyed or mixed with any one or more of gold, palladium, platinum ~~[[and]]~~ or stainless steel.

17. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to claim 15, wherein the electrically conductive plug material is a silver-glass composite containing from about 10 to about 40 wt% glass.

18. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to claim 17, wherein the silver-glass composite contains from about 15 to 30 wt% glass.

19. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to ~~any one of claims 15, 17 and 18~~ claim 15, wherein ~~the silver in the~~ electrically conductive plug material is a silver-glass composite in which the silver is selected from the group consisting of commercially pure silver and a silver alloy or mixture.

20. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to claim 19, wherein the silver is alloyed or mixed with any one or more of gold, palladium, platinum ~~[[and]]~~ or stainless steel.

21. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to ~~any one of claims 15 and 17-20~~ claim 15, wherein the ~~glass in the~~ electrically conductive plug material is a silver-glass composite in which the glass is stable against crystallization.

22. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to ~~any one of claims 15 and 17 to 21~~ claim 15, wherein the ~~glass in the~~ electrically conductive plug material is a silver-glass composite in which the glass is a high silica glass.

23. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to claim 22, wherein the composition of the glass is 0-5.5 wt% Na₂O, 8-14 wt% K₂O, 0-2.2 wt% MgO, 1-3 wt% CaO, 0-6 wt% SrO, 0-8 wt% BaO, 6-20 wt% B₂O₃, 3-7 wt% Al₂O₃, 58-76 wt% SiO₂ and 0-10 wt% ZrO₂.

24. (Currently Amended) A The A gas separator according to claim 23, wherein the composition of the glass is 0-2.0 wt% Na₂O, 8-13.5 wt% K₂O, 0-0.05 wt% MgO, 1-1.6 wt% CaO, 0.5-1 wt% SrO, 0-4.4 wt% BaO, 6-20 wt% B₂O₃, 3-6.0 wt% Al₂O₃, 60-75 wt% SiO₂ and 0-5.0 wt% ZrO₂.

25. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to ~~any one of claims 1-24~~ claim 1, wherein a respective electrically conductive coating is provided on the electrically conductive plug material at the electrode-facing side of each of the first and second layers.

26. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to claim 25, wherein each of said coatings extends over a respective electrode-contacting zone of each of the first and second layers.

27. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to ~~claim 25 or claim 26~~ claim 25, wherein the electrically conductive coating on a cathode-facing side is of Ag or Ag alloy.

28. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to claim 27, wherein the coating on the cathode-facing side is Ag-Sn alloy that contains from about 4 to about 20 wt% Sn.

29. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to ~~claim 27 or 28~~ claim 27, wherein the coating on the cathode-facing side is Ag-Sn alloy that includes up to 10 wt% of dopants to improve the electrical conductivity of said coating.

30. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to ~~claims 27 to 29~~ claim 27, wherein the coating on the cathode-facing side is Ag-Sn alloy and has a thickness in the range of 10 to 1000 μm .

31. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to ~~claims 27 to 29~~ claim 27, wherein the coating on the cathode-facing side is Ag-Sn alloy having a surface layer of SnO_2 .

32. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to claim 27, wherein the coating on the cathode-facing side is of commercially pure silver and has a thickness in the range of 50 to 250 μm .

33. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to ~~claims 25 to 32~~ claim 25, wherein the electrically conductive coating on an anode-facing side is of ~~commercially pure~~ nickel.

34. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to claim 33, wherein the nickel coating on the anode-facing side is commercially pure.

35. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to ~~claims 33 or 34~~ claim 33, wherein the layer of nickel on the anode-facing side has a thickness in the range of 10 to 1000 μm .

36. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to ~~claims 33 to 35~~ claim 33, wherein a layer of silver is disposed on the electrode-contacting zone between the coating of nickel and the anode-facing side of the respective first or second layer.

37. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to claim 36, wherein the layer of silver comprises commercially pure silver.

38. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to ~~claim 36 or 37~~ claim 36, wherein the layer of silver has a thickness in the range of 10 to 100 μ m.

39. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to ~~any one of claims 1-38~~ claim 1, wherein surface formations defining gas flow passages therebetween are provided on an electrode-facing side of each of the first and second layers, said surface formations being electrically conductive and overlying the perforations containing the electrically conductive plug material.

40. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to claim 39, wherein the surface formations on an anode-facing side are formed of solid oxide fuel cell anode material and the surface formations on a cathode-facing side are formed of solid oxide fuel cell cathode material, said surface formations being bonded to the first and second layers or to any electrically conductive coating thereon.

41. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to ~~claim 39 or claim 40~~ claim 39, wherein a respective electrically conductive coating is provided over the surface formations on the anode-facing side and on the cathode-facing side.

42. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to claim 41, wherein the coating on the surface formations on the cathode-facing side is of metallic silver.

43. (Currently Amended) A The gas separator according to ~~claim 41 or claim 42~~ claim 41, wherein the coating on the surface formations on the anode-facing side is of nickel.

44. (Original) A method of forming a fuel cell gas separator which comprises:
providing first and second layers of the gas separator, said first and second layers being formed of material that is impermeable to gases and having perforations through their thickness;

superposing the first and second layers with a third layer of electrically conductive material having a first thickness interposed between the first and second layers;

compressing the superposed first, second and third layers under conditions which cause the electrically conductive material to flow to produce a gas separator in which the third layer of electrically conductive material has a second thickness less than the first thickness and said electrically conductive material has flowed into the perforations in the first and second layers to plug said perforations.

45. (Currently Amended) A The method according to claim 44, wherein the first and second layers are formed or oriented such that the perforations through said first and second layers are not coincident.